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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III** 

**OMB APPROVAL** 

3235-0123

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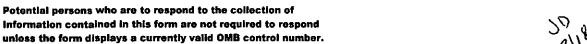
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#### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/07	AND ENDING	12/31/07
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REC	GISTRANT IDENTI	FICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Texlark Securities, LLC			
DDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	NESS: (Do not use P.O. I	Box No.)	FIRM ID. NO.
801 E. Plano Parkway, Suite 100			
	(No. and Street)		
Plano	Texas		75074
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	nose opinion is contained	in this Report*	
Phillip V. George, PLLC	- if individual, state last, first, n	uiddo nama)	
		·	==0.40
2300 Honey Locust Drive (Address)	Irving (City)	Texas (State)	PROCESSES
(1001000)	(3)	(====,	Market Control
HECK ONE:			MAR 1 9 2008 _
Certified Public Accountant			THOMSON /Y
Dublic Assessment			
<ul><li>☐ Public Accountant</li><li>☐ Accountant not resident in Unit</li></ul>	ed States or any of its pos	ssessions.	THOMSON (Y FINANCIAL
	red States or any of its pos		FINANCIAL
	ed States or any of its pos	ssessions.	FINANCI

<sup>\*</sup>Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



#### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

I,	Ilonka Nobles		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my
knowl			ncial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	Texlark Securitie		, as of
	December 31	, 20 <u>07</u>	
			or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of
a cust	omer, except as follows	3:	
			NONE
- 1	MARILYN A		N 0 00 (1
- #	Notary Public, S My Commissi		_ Unia Toldes
N.	January 0		Signature
,,,,,			President
_	2	0 1	Title
m	01/1/	adams	,
-4	- Nortry Public	ra ams	
	7, 1		
This r	report** contains (checl	k all applicable b	poxes):
	(a) Facing page.		
	(b) Statement of Fin	ancial Condition	1.
	(c) Statement of Inc	ome (Loss).	
	(d) Statement of Cas		
			olders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
	(f) Statement of Ch	anges in Liabiliti	ies Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
	(g) Computation of		
			of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	(i) Information Rela	ating to the Posse	ession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(j) A Reconciliation	i, including appre	ropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and
	the Computation	for Determination	ion of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(k) A Reconciliation	i between the aud	dited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods
	of consolidation	•	
	(l) An Oath or Affi	rmation.	
	(m) A copy of the S	IPC Supplementa	al Report.
$\overline{\Box}$	(n) A report describ	ing any material	l inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the
_	previous audit.		
	(o) Independent and	litor's report on t	the internal control as required by SEC rule 17a-5.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

# TEXLARK SECURITIES, LLC FINANCIAL REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2007

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## PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member Texlark Securities, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Texlark Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Texlark Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

JUB V. Ar. Auc

Irving, Texas February 13, 2008

#### TEXLARK SECURITIES, LLC Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2007

#### **ASSETS**

Cash Advances to registered representatives Property and equipment, net Deposits	\$  28,014 11,100 10,779 3,934
TOTAL ASSETS	 53,827
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 4,771
Member's Equity	 49,056
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	\$ 53,827

## TEXLARK SECURITIES, LLC Statement of Income Year Ended December 31, 2007

#### Revenue

Private placement revenue Other revenue	\$ 22,129 35,000
TOTAL REVENUE	 57,129
Expenses	
Compensation and related costs	124,230
Communications	8,292
Occupancy and equipment costs	27,225
Regulatory fees and expenses	36,409
Professional fees	40,634
Other expenses	 17,162
TOTAL EXPENSES	 253,952
NET LOSS	\$ (196,823)

## TEXLARK SECURITIES, LLC Statement of Changes in Member's Equity Year Ended December 31, 2007

Member's equity, December 31, 2006	\$ 19,879
Member's contributions	226,000
Net loss	(196,823)
Member's equity, December 31, 2007	\$ 49,056

#### TEXLARK SECURITIES, LLC Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net loss	\$ (196,823)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash	
used in operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	1,167
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Increase in advances to registered representatives	(11,100)
Increase in deposits	(3,769)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,271
Net cash used in operating activities	(207,254)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Investment in property and equipment	(10,780)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Member's contributions	226,000
Net increase in cash	7,966
Cash at beginning of year	20,048
Cash at end of year	\$ 28,014

#### **Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:**

There was no cash paid during the year for interest or income taxes.

### TEXLARK SECURITIES, LLC Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business:

Texlark Securities, LLC (the Company), a Texas limited liability company, was formed in February 2004. The Company is registered as a broker/dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company's customers consist primarily of individuals throughout the United States in those states where the Company is registered with the state securities regulator.

The Company operates pursuant to section (k)(2)(i) exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. The Company does not hold customer funds or securities, but will limit its business to the selling of direct participation programs and maintain a special account for the exclusive benefit of its customers. Under these exemptive provisions, the Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements and Information Relating to the Possession and Control Requirements are not required.

Significant Accounting Policies:

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash, accounts payable and accrued expenses are short-term in nature and accordingly are reported in the statement of financial condition at fair value or carrying amounts that approximate fair value.

#### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided for using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of three to seven years.

#### Private Placement Revenue

The Company recognizes revenue on the sale of interests in private placement offerings in the period in which customer subscriptions to such offerings are funded, upon the Company reaching the minimum subscription requirements of such offerings.

### TEXLARK SECURITIES, LLC Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. Consequently, federal income taxes are not payable by, or provided for, the Company. Members are taxed individually on their share of the Company's earnings. The Company's net income or loss is allocated among the members in accordance with their ownership interest in the Company.

#### Note 2 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of a minimum amount of net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$23,243 and \$5,000, respectively. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.21 to 1.

#### Note 3 - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and consists of the following:

Communications equipment	\$ 9,180
Furniture and fixtures	2,044
Computer equipment	<u>758</u>
Total	11,982
Accumulated depreciation	(1,203)
B	A 10 550

Property and equipment - net \$\frac{\\$10,779}{\}

Depreciation expense for the year was \$1,167 and is reflected in the accompanying statement of income in occupancy and equipment costs.

#### Note 4 - Related Party Transactions/ Concentration of Revenue

The Company earned all of its revenue from the sale of interests in private placement offerings of related parties.

## TEXLARK SECURITIES, LLC Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 5 - Commitments

The Company leases office space under a noncancellable operating lease through 2011. Future minimum lease payments due for each of the years ending December 31 are as follows:

2008	\$ 36,912
2009	36,912
2010	36,912
2011	_15,380

\$ 126,116

Office rent expense for the year was \$25,992 (which includes additional rental and proportionate share of operating expenses payable under the lease agreement) and is reflected in the accompanying statement of income as occupancy and equipment costs.

#### Schedule I

# TEXLARK SECURITIES, LLC Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 December 31, 2007

Total member's equity qualified for net capital	_\$	49,056
Deductions and/or charges		
Non-allowable assets:		
Advances to registered representatives		11,100
Property and equipment		10,779
Deposits		3,934
Total non-allowable assets		25,813
Net Capital	\$	23,243
Aggregate indebtedness		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		4,771
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$	4,771
Computation of basic net capital requirement Minimum net capital required (greater of \$5,000 or		
6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	\$	5,000
Net capital in excess of minimum requirement		18,243
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0	.21 to 1

Note: The above computation does not differ from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2007 by Texlark Securities, LLC on Form X-17A-5. Accordingly, no reconciliation is deemed necessary.

## PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5(G)(1)

To the Member Texlark Securities, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Texlark Securities, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those responsible for oversight of the Company's financial reporting. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

JUBV. Ser. Puc

Irving, Texas February 13, 2008

